SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) - Sixth revised edition

Creation Date: Aug 17, 2017 Revision Date: Aug 17, 2017

1.Identification

1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name 3-Ethoxyaniline

1.2 Other means of identification

Product number

3-ethoxyphenylamine

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

For industry use only. no data available Uses advised against

1.4 Supplier's details

Company Echemi.com Echemi.com Telephone Echemi.com Echemi.com

1.5 Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number Echemi.com

Service hours Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard time zone: UTC/GMT +8 hours).

2. Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified.

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s) Signal word No symbol No signal word. none

Hazard statement(s)

Precautionary statement(s)

Response none Storage none Disposal

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
3-Ethoxyaniline	3-Ethoxyaniline	621-33-0	none	100%

4.First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

SYMPTOMS: Symptoms of exposure to this compound may include cyanosis, hypothermia, headache, drowsiness, vomiting, nephritis and irritation of the alimentary tract. ACUTE/CHRONIC HAZARDS: When heated to decomposition this compound emits toxic fumes.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

no data available

5.Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Fires involving this material can be controlled with a dry chemical, carbon dioxide or Halon extinguisher.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

This chemical is probably combustible.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

6.Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. For precautions see section 2.2

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8.Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eve/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear impervious clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique(without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

Wear dust mask when handling large quantities

Thermal hazards

no data available

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state Colour light yellow to dark red liquid no data available

no data available Odour Melting point/ freezing point
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling no data available

248°C

Flammability no data available Lower and upper explosion limit / flammability limit no data available 113°C (closed°Cup) Flash point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature no data available no data available

pH Kinematic viscosity no data available no data available

Solubility In water:0.1-0.5 g/100 mL at 20 °C Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) no data available

1 mm Hg at 67.22°C; 5 mm Hg at 94.72°C; 760 mm Hg at 227.78°C Vapour pressure

Density and/or relative density 1.032

Relative vapour density Particle characteristics no data available no data available

10.Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

no data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

M-PHENETIDINE neutralizes acids in exothermic reactions to form salts plus water. May be incompatible with isocyanates, halogenated organics, peroxides, phenols (acidic), epoxides, anhydrides, and acid halides. Flammable gaseous hydrogen may be generated in combination with strong reducing agents, such as hydrides

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

- · Toxicity to fish: no data available
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

13.Disposal considerations

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14.Transport information

14.1 UN Number

ADR/RID: UN2311 IMDG: UN2311 IATA: UN2311

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: PHENETIDINES IMDG: PHENETIDINES IATA: PHENETIDINES

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1 IMDG: 6.1 IATA: 6.1

14.4 Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: III IMDG: III IATA: III

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG: no IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15.Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	
3-Ethoxyaniline	3-Ethoxyaniline	621-33-0	none	
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)				
EC Inventory				
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory				
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015				
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)				
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)				
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory				
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing C	Chemical Substances (China IECSC)		Listed.	

16.Other information

Information on revision

Creation Date Aug 17, 2017 **Revision Date** Aug 17, 2017

Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- C.A.S.: Chemical Abstracts Service
 ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
 RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
 IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 IATA: International Air Transportation Association
 TWA: Time Weighted Average
 STEL: Short term exposure limit
 LCS0: Lethal Concentration 50%

- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
 EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- $\bullet \ \ IPCS-The\ International\ Chemical\ Safety\ Cards\ (ICSC),\ website: \ http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home$
- $\bullet \ \ HSDB Hazardous \ Substances \ Data \ Bank, \ website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm$
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- $eChemPortal The\ Global\ Portal\ to\ Information\ on\ Chemical\ Substances\ by\ OECD,\ website:\ http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0\&request_locale=en$
- $\bullet \ \ CAMEO\ Chemicals, we bsite: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple$
- $\bullet \ \ ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp$
- ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- $\bullet \ \ Germany \ GESTIS-database \ on \ hazard \ substance, \ website: \ http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp$
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.